a. Vienna Document 99

According to the provisions of the above document our country applies annually the below measures:

(1) Exchange of military information with the other member states of OSCE – at a regiment level and above – Greece also notifies whatever changes occur to the structure and organization of the units of her armed forces.

(2) Exchange of information on defense planning with the other members of OSCE concerning their defense policy, their military strategy and their military doctrine, along with the procurement of arms and armaments expenditure of her armed forces.

(3) Greece holds military contacts with the member states of OSCE through visits to airbases and military facilities. Greece organized in 2004 (18 to 22 October) a visit to an airbase and military facility, which was attended by representatives of the member states of OSCE.

(4) Greece conducts military unit evaluations of the former eastern countries based on NATO coordination and the relevant bilateral program of military cooperation with the Balkan countries, along with inspections on the territory of another state where military activities are conducted. It also accepts passive evaluations and inspections. For the year 2008, an evaluation visit to Armenia and two inspections, one to Croatia and one to Montenegro, have been conducted, on inter Alliance coordination.

(5) Finally it applies the provisions of the document for prior notification – observations of certain military activities (>9000 - 13000 troops, >250 BT) and the constraining provisions for the military activities.

b. Global Exchange of Military Information – GEMI

Our country annually exchanges with the member states of OSCE, based on the above document, general military information concerning their conventional forces into formation level, with data concerning personnel and 7 types of weapons systems of Army, Navy and Air Force (Tanks, Armored Vehicles, Artillery, Combat Aircrafts, Attack Helicopters, Warships and Submarines).

c. Regional Confidence and Security Building Measures – DAYTON Agreement (Annex 1B, Article IV)

Our country is not a cosignatory member of the above Agreement, nevertheless it participates annually under OSCE auspices, with
military inspectors - escorts to the multinational units assembled to this end - under the coordination of a special OSCE coordinator, in order to assist to the implementation of the Article IV of the DAYTON Agreement, Annex 1B.

d. **Conventional Arms Transfers**

(1) Based on UN decision number 46/36L/91 and the FSC.DEC 13/97 of OSCE, Greece has been making available data annually on the import - export movements of 7 types of main weapon systems and holdings (Tanks, Armored Vehicles, Artillery, Combat Aircrafts, Attack Helicopters, Warships and Submarines), that had taken place during the previous year, along with a board of the existing weapon systems and holdings. Under the UN resolution number A58/274 in the board of existing weapon systems and holdings, the Man Portable Air Defense Systems (MAN PADS) are also included.

(2) Additionally based on OSCE decision number FSC.DEC 20/95 there is; an annual exchange amongst the member nations of date over the policy of Conventional Arm Transfers.

e. **Code of Conduct on Politico - Military Aspects of Security**

(1) The Code of Conduct is an OSCE politically binding Core Document, and covers the politico-military aspects of safety and cooperation, among the Armed Forces of the OSCE member states, based on the International Law.

(2) According to OSCE decision (FSC.DEC 04/03), information concerning the implementation of the provisions of Code of Conduct is exchanged among the participating states annually, as provided for by the adopted questionnaire.

f. **Small Arms and Light Weapons**

Based on the Programme of Action of the UN to eradicate the illicit transfer of SALW and on a relevant OSCE Document, Greece exchanges information with the member states of OSCE concerning Small Arms and Light Weapons for the below issues: the national Marking system, the national procedures for the control over manufacture, the national legislation and current practice on export policy, procedures, documentation and control over international brokering, the exports to, and imports from other participating states during the previous year, the category and the quantity of the surplus weapon systems, the stockpile management and security procedures and the procedures for the destruction of small arms. The forthcoming exchange of information will take place on June 30, 2008.
g. **Ottawa Convention – Anti-personnel Landmines**

(1) Greece signed the Ottawa Convention on 03/12/1997. The said Convention was approved by the Hellenic Parliament on 08/04/2002 (2999/02 Act) and ratified on 25/09/2003.

(2) Greece submits its annual report concerning minefields to the UN Secretary General and according to FSC.DEC 07/04, information deriving from the questionnaire on anti-personnel landmines and explosive remnants of war, is exchanged among the OSCE member states.

(3) Greece implements the Ottawa Convention and will fulfill its commitments arising from that Convention (destruction of mine stockpiles and cleaning of all minefields). Greece has already cleaned all minefields in the Greek-Bulgarian border, well in advance of its contractual commitments.

The Permanent Mission of Greece to the United Nations avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Secretariat of the United Nations – Office for Disarmament Affairs, the assurances of its highest consideration.