C. Chemical Weapons

1. The following additional elements should be reflected in the text:
   (i) In order to encourage wider adherence to the agreement on the prohibition of chemical weapons, once concluded, the Conference on Disarmament should endeavour to include within the provisions of the draft agreement credible and effective security guarantees ensuring parties to the agreement against the use of chemical weapons.
   (ii) The agreement on the prohibition of chemical weapons should not hinder or be at the expense of, the chemical industries in developing countries.
   (iii) The Conference on Disarmament should consider how to facilitate the wider and more effective participation of non-members at an early stage of the negotiations on the draft convention to ensure that their concerns are taken into account. (Egypt)

2. The following elements should be reflected in the text:
   (i) Chemical weapons have been used on an astounding scale, with tragic results. This situation only confirms the growing urgency of concluding without further delay an international convention on the complete prohibition of the development, production and stockpiling of these weapons and on their destruction, with effective and reliable verification system, including on-site and challenge inspections.
   (ii) Regional arrangements in this field must, as in the case of nuclear-free zones, be unanimously decided upon among the States of the region concerned.
(iii) The relevant section of the Joint Communiqué issued at the end of the Meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of Balkan Countries held in Belgrade, 24–26 February 1988, stated that:

"Attention was given at the meeting to proposals to transform the Balkans into a zone free of nuclear and chemical weapons. In view of different approaches to these issues, it was understood that further consideration is required."

This shows that at the moment there is no agreement among the Balkan countries for a zone free of nuclear and chemical weapons in this region. Therefore, it is not appropriate to refer to the Balkans as an example for the implementation of these ideas. (Turkey)

3. The text should read as follows:

"The States Members of the United Nations strongly condemn the continuing, massive and verified use of chemical weapons which have increased the risk of proliferation of these lethal weapons. They urge the strict observance by all States of the principles, objectives and provisions of the 1925 Geneva Protocol for the Prohibition of the Use in War of asphyxiating, Poisonous or Other Gases. All States which have not become party to the Protocol should promptly accede to and ratify this Protocol. All measures should be directed towards further strengthening and upholding the authority of the Protocol.

Pending conclusion of a new convention, the 1925 Protocol enjoys legal authority and the United Nations should implement strictly and without delay the provisions of United Nations General Assembly resolution 42/37 C. Establishment of a verification system in the United Nations Department for Disarmament Affairs can be a possible way of its implementation.

Determined, for the sake ...... (second paragraph of Chairman's text) ....

In cases where investigation clearly establishes use of chemical weapons, the Security Council must take decisive and effective action under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter." (Islamic Republic of Iran)

4. The text should read as follows:

"The special session notes with concern the continued existence of stockpiles of chemical weapons and the plans for increased production and development of new generation of these weapons.
The special session solemnly condemns the use of chemical weapons by any State and under any circumstances and considers it a grave violation of international law and human norms. It urges the strict observance by all States of the 1925 Geneva Protocol for the Prohibition of the Use of Asphyxiating, Poisonous or Other Gases.

Though the use of chemical weapons is already proscribed by the 1925 Geneva Protocol, the possession of such weapons leads inevitably to their use. It is therefore imperative that the Conference on Disarmament should redouble its efforts to finalize the convention under negotiation for a comprehensive prohibition of the development, production and stockpiling of chemical weapons. A comprehensive, universal, non-discriminatory, global, verifiable and effective international convention would free the world once and for all of the scourge of chemical weapons. Pending the conclusion of this convention, all States should refrain from taking any action that would be contrary to the spirit of the convention and thereby undermine confidence and impede or delay the realization of the common objective of the total elimination of chemical weapons." (India)

5. The order of the two paragraphs in the Chairman's text should be reversed. (USSR)

6. The first paragraph should read as follows: "The States Members of the United Nations condemn the use of chemical weapons on the part of any State and under any circumstance and, at the same time, urge the strict observance by all States of the principles and objectives of the Geneva Protocol of 1925 on the prohibition of the use of these weapons, and, based on the general conviction that the possession of such weapons leads inevitably to their use, demand the adoption of urgent measures for their elimination at the earliest possible date." (Cuba)

7. In line 1, after "chemical weapons" add: "in violation of the 1925 Geneva Protocol" (Iraq)

8. In line 2, replace "principles and objectives" with "provisions". (Finland)
9. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"... poisonous and other gases and of bacteriological methods of warfare." (Finland)

10. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"They urged all Member States to provide rapid and full assistance to the Secretary-General to enable him to fulfil the tasks he was requested to carry out by resolution 42/37 C." (Australia)

11. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"An effective United Nations instrument available at all times for expeditious investigations of alleged violations of the 1925 Protocol is needed". (Federal Republic of Germany)

12. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"All efforts should also be made to effectively prevent the proliferation of chemical weapons." (USSR)

13. In paragraph 2, the first sentence should read:
"Determined, for the sake of all mankind, to completely exclude the danger posed by these weapons of mass destruction, the States Members of the United Nations reaffirm their commitment to the earliest possible conclusion of a global, verifiable, effective and non-discriminatory convention on the prohibition of all chemical weapons and their destruction, without diminishing the security of all States Parties." (Argentina)

14. In paragraph 2, line 1, replace "for the sake of all mankind" with "in their efforts to protect mankind and its environment". (Sudan)

15. In paragraph 2, line 2, after "Member States" add:
"stress their active interest in the ongoing negotiations on chemical weapons of the Conference on Disarmament and reaffirm ..." (Austria).

16. In paragraph 2, line 3, until the end of the sentence, should read:
"... commitment to the earliest possible conclusion of a multilateral convention on the general, complete, effective and verifiable prohibition
of the development, production, stockpiling and use of chemical weapons and on their destruction which would enhance the security of all States." (Hungary)

17. In paragraph 2, line 3, replace "global" with "universal and non-discriminatory". (Brazil)

18. In paragraph 2, line 4, replace "prohibiting" with "on the comprehensive prohibition of". (USSR)

19. In paragraph 2, line 5, should read:
"stockpiling and use of ......." (China)

20. In paragraph 2, line 5, after "chemical weapons", add "and regulating the gradual and balanced destruction of the lethal capacities of existing stocks, which would enhance ..." (Spain)

21. In paragraph 2, the second sentence should read:
"The danger of renewed use of chemical weapons and of future proliferation of these weapons underline the importance of maintaining the momentum in the ongoing negotiations on the convention in the Conference on Disarmament." (Norway)

22. In paragraph 2, the second sentence should be reformulated as follows:
"To this end the Conference on Disarmament should do everything possible to consolidate the progress achieved and accelerate the pace of negotiations on issues which still need to be thoroughly examined for the compromise solutions to be elaborated. To seek a breakthrough in the solution of a number of highly political aspects of a future convention, it would be desirable to consider the possibility of holding a session of the Conference at the level of foreign ministers. Participants of the special session express their conviction that another step to facilitate and accelerate the pace of negotiations on a total ban of chemical weapons would be the exact knowledge of the chemical status of all States participating in the negotiations as well as of all future States parties to the convention. All States are encouraged to make the appropriate declarations. All States are also called upon to refrain from activities that might adversely affect the negotiations or delay their successful end." (Poland)
23. In paragraph 2, at the end of the second sentence add:
"... and should make all efforts for the solution of the remaining
problems at the earliest possible date." (France)

24. In paragraph 2, at the end of the second sentence add:
"and conclude it at the earliest date." (Bulgaria)

25. In paragraph 2, after the second sentence insert a new sentence reading:
"It should embody reliable procedures for verification and monitoring,
including mandatory challenge inspections with no right of refusal."
(Bulgaria)

26. In paragraph 2, the fourth sentence should read:
"All States should be encouraged to become parties to the convention from
the very beginning of its existence in order to ensure the effectiveness
of the global prohibition of chemical weapons and the universality of the
régime of the convention." (USSR)

27. In paragraph 2, the fourth sentence should read:
"The existing obstacles in this direction should be speedily removed to
enable the Conference to achieve this goal which would free the world
once and for all of the scourge of chemical weapons." (Sudan)

28. In paragraph 2, lines 8 and 9 should read:
"that an early and successful outcome of these negotiations ..." (Poland)

29. In paragraph 2, at the end of the last sentence add:
"and promote international co-operation in the peaceful utilization of
the chemical industry." (China)

30. At the end of paragraph 2, add the following:
"States should refrain from actions such as the use, production and
introduction of new chemical weapons, as they might hinder the early
conclusion of the negotiations now taking place in the Conference on
Disarmament." (Indonesia)

31. At the end of the text, add the following:
"The setting up of chemical-weapon-free zones in the Balkans, in Central
Europe and other regions of the world could support the ongoing
negotiations for the prohibition of chemical weapons and their complete elimination." (Romania)

32. At the end of the text, add the following:
"There is a necessity for wider information to the public regarding the efforts aimed at a chemical weapons ban." (USSR)

33. At the end of the text, add the following:
"Pending the conclusion and coming into effect of a convention banning chemical weapons, it is important that no additional States should acquire a chemical weapons capability. All States are urged to take all necessary measures, including through the control of exports of key precursors for chemical weapons or equipment for their manufacture, to ensure that no other State is in any way assisted in acquiring a chemical weapons capability." (Australia and Canada)

34. At the end of the text, add the following:
"Investigations into allegations of the use of chemical weapons by Member States should be carried out by the United Nations without delay and as a humanitarian matter. The Secretary-General is requested to complete as a matter of urgency the preparation of technical guidelines and procedures for this purpose in accordance with General Assembly Resolution 42/37C. We appeal to those governments who have not yet done so to become Parties to the 1925 Geneva Protocol." (United Kingdom)

35. At the end of the text, add the following:
"All States are urged to contribute to achieving a truly universal convention and to adhere to it." (Japan)

36. At the end of the text, add the following:
"Noting that a number of States have already declared that they do not possess chemical weapons and have no intention of acquiring them, the Special Session calls on all other States to make similar declarations or specify the size of their stockpiles, pending the conclusion of a comprehensive convention. The Secretary-General is requested to compile these declarations in a report to be submitted to the forty-third session of the General Assembly." (New Zealand)
37. At the end of the text, add the following:

"With a view to facilitating broad adherence to the convention, States not participating in the negotiations of the Conference on Disarmament are encouraged to seek explanations related to the emerging text of a future chemical weapons convention. To this end, the special session decides to convene a meeting of representatives of all Member States to be held in the framework of the forty-third regular session of the United Nations. At this meeting, the Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chemical Weapons of the Conference on Disarmament, as well as representatives of parties to the negotiations, are invited to give detailed information on the implications of the convention. The Conference on Disarmament is recommended to brief interested governments on problems related to a chemical weapons convention. Similar briefings with non-governmental organizations should be organized by the United Nations Secretariat. (GDR)

38. The text should refer to adding to the international convention through regional arrangements which would take into account the regional balance of power and, in particular, the possibility of chemical-weapon-free zones on the basis of arrangements to be freely arrived at among all the States of the region. (Israel)

A new heading "Biological Weapons" should be added and the text should read:

"All signatory States that have not ratified or acceded to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction should do so without delay, and States which have not yet signed the Convention should join the States parties at an early date, thus contributing to the achievement of universal adherence to the Convention and to international confidence.

The special session notes with appreciation that the Second Review Conference of the Parties to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin weapons and on Their Destruction adopted by consensus a Final Declaration. States Parties to the Convention are called upon to implement,
on the basis of mutual co-operation, the measures provided for by the Final Declaration, in particular those on the exchange of data and information, in order to prevent or reduce the occurrence of ambiguities, doubts and suspicions, and in order to improve international co-operation in the field of peaceful bacteriological (biological) activities. The Secretary-General is requested to render the further necessary assistance and to provide such services as may be required for the implementation of the relevant parts of the Final Declaration." (Hungary)

A new heading "Other weapons of mass destruction: radiological weapons" should be added

1. The text should read as follows:

"The special session stresses the continuing importance of negotiations aimed at the prohibition of military attacks on nuclear facilities. Proposals to widen the scope of the draft treaty prohibiting radiological weapons of 1979 so as to cover the hostile dissemination of radioactive materials through military attacks on nuclear facilities should be given full consideration.

The special session requests the Conference on Disarmament to intensify its efforts to elaborate a globally agreed prohibition against military attacks on nuclear facilities." (Sweden)

2. The text should read as follows:

"Negotiations should be intensified at the Conference on Disarmament with a view to reaching an agreement or agreements on a convention prohibiting radiological weapons as well as on the prohibition of attacks against nuclear facilities." (Hungary)

D. Outer Space

1. The title of the heading should be changed to "Prevention of an arms race in outer space", and it should include the elements of the common heritage of mankind and the peaceful uses of outer space. (Zaire)
2. The following elements should be included:
   
   (i) Outer space is the common heritage of mankind;
   
   (ii) It should be preserved exclusively for peaceful purposes;
   
   (iii) The peaceful activities should be for the common benefit and in the interest of mankind, regardless of the level of economic and scientific development of difference countries;
   
   (iv) There is a need to reinforce and enhance the effectiveness of the legal regime on outer space because the present legal régime applicable to outer space is not sufficient to prevent an arms race there;
   
   (v) Specific linkage should be given to the relevance of the Conference on Disarmament on negotiations to prevent an arms race in outer space;
   
   (vi) Proposal for the registration of satellites launched into space. 

(Nigeria)

3. The following elements should be included:

   (i) Concerned at the danger posed to all mankind by an arms race in outer space, particularly in view of the implications of new technologies;

   (ii) There is widespread interest expressed by Member States in the course of the negotiations on the prevention of an arms race in outer space;

   (iii) In the context of multilateral negotiations, bilateral negotiations between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America could make a significant contribution to the objective of preventing an arms race in outer space, in accordance with paragraph 27 of the Final Document of the first special session;

   (iv) Noting with satisfaction that bilateral negotiations between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America have the declared objective, endorsed in the joint statement of their leaders on 21 November 1985, of working out effective agreements aimed, inter alia, at preventing an arms race in outer space;

   (v) The need to consolidate and reinforce the legal régime applicable to outer space and to enhance its effectiveness, and the importance of strict compliance with existing agreements, both bilateral and multilateral;
(vi) The Conference on Disarmament should undertake negotiations for
the conclusion of an agreement or agreements, as appropriate, to
prevent an arms race in outer space in all its aspects. (Egypt)

4. The following elements should be included:
   (i) To stress the validity and and compliance with the Outer Space
       Treaty, giving attention to the phrase "common heritage of
       mankind";
   (ii) To stress the validity of and compliance with the ABM Treaty
       (Peru)

5. The following elements should be included:
   (i) Member States reaffirm the need for strict compliance with
       existing agreements on the outer space régime and for the
       reinforcement of this régime;
   (ii) It is necessary to establish an international system of
       verification of the non-deployment of weapons of any kind in outer
       space. (Byelorussian SSR)

6. The text should read as follows:

   "Member States recognize the importance and urgency of preventing
   an arms race in outer space and affirm their determination to assure that
   the exploration and use of outer space, including the Moon and other
   celestial bodies, is reserved for peaceful purposes in the common
   interest and for the benefit of mankind. All States reaffirm the
   significant role that the legal régime applicable to outer space plays in
   the efforts aimed at the prevention of an arms race in outer space, as
   well as the need to consolidate and reinforce that régime and enhance its
   effectiveness and the importance of strict compliance with existing
   agreements, both bilateral and multilateral. Accordingly, all States, in
   particular those with major space capabilities, should contribute
   actively to the objective of preserving the use of outer space only for
   peaceful purposes and to take immediate measures to prevent an arms race
   in that environment in the interest of maintaining international peace
   and security and promoting international co-operation and understanding,
   and refrain in their activities relating to outer space from actions
   contrary to the observance of relevant existing treaties or to the
   objective of preventing an arms race in outer space."
The General Assembly notes with satisfaction the ongoing negotiations between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States with the declared objective, endorsed in the joint statement of their leaders on 21 November 1985, of working out effective agreements aimed, inter alia, at preventing an arms race in outer space. Recognizing the significant contribution that those negotiations would make to the common objective of preventing an arms race in outer space, the two negotiating parties are urged to achieve [positive] [concrete] results as soon as possible.

Convinced that the prevention of an arms race in outer space is a matter of universal concern, the States Members of the United Nations reaffirm their conviction that in order to achieve the prevention of an arms race in outer space, multilateral efforts should be made and international negotiations should be held, with a view to adopting further measures in accordance with the spirit of the Treaty. The special session of the General Assembly, therefore, welcomes the work carried out and the results achieved by the Ad Hoc Committee of the Conference on Disarmament since its establishment in 1985, and calls on the Conference, in the exercise of its responsibilities as the multilateral negotiating forum of the international community, to intensify its efforts in this area." (Venezuela)

7. Line 1 should read:
"...all mankind, and shall be preserved as a zone of peace and co-operation." (Mongolia)

8. The first and second sentences should be reformulated as follows:
"Outer space, the common heritage of mankind, should continue to be used exclusively for peaceful purposes, in the interest of all mankind. The international community reaffirms its will to prevent the militarization of space, and to this effect the existing legal régime should be respected and completed by appropriate accords. The role of the United Nations concerning international co-operation in the peaceful uses of space should be reinforced." (Morocco)

9. The second sentence should be reformulated as follows:
"Its exploration and use shall be carried out in an equitable manner for the benefit and in the interest of all countries regardless of their level of economic or scientific development and in the interest of
maintaining international peace and security and promoting international co-operation and understanding." (Colombia, Mongolia)

10. The second sentence should read:
"The increasing importance of preventing an arms race in outer space has been universally recognized. The development of space weaponry constitutes a new threat to international security and stability. All States, in particular those with major space capabilities, should contribute actively to the objective of preventing an arms race in outer space. The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States, the two major space Powers, are urged to continue to negotiate and work out effective agreements on the prevention of an arms race in outer space." (China)

11. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"The member States reaffirm the need to consolidate and reinforce the existing agreements, both bilateral and multilateral, to this effect, and the importance of strict compliance with them, in particular the Outer Space Treaty of 1967 and the ABM Treaty of 1972." (Mongolia)

12. At the end of the first paragraph, add:
"Studies on diverse consequences of the extension of the arms race into outer space, including its social consequences, should be continued." (Poland)

13. At the end of the second paragraph, add a new sentence:
"Pending the elaboration and adoption of effective measures for the prevention of an arms race in outer space, it is imperative to preclude the emplacement of weapons in outer space. The setting up of an international outer space inspectorate is an appropriate first step to solving this problem." (Bulgaria)

14. At the beginning of the third paragraph, add:
"The member States recognize that the legal régime applicable to outer space, as such, is not sufficient to guarantee the prevention of an arms race in outer space and, therefore, all efforts ..." (Mongolia)

15. At the end of the last paragraph, add:
"They also noted the importance of the adoption of legal regulations concerning the launching of satellites and other objects into outer space and for protecting their environment." (Romania)
16. At the end of the last paragraph, add: "The militarization of outer space is contradictory to efforts to achieve regional disarmament and its prevention constitutes an essential precondition for the adoption of effective measures at the regional level." (Brazil)

17. Add an additional paragraph, as follows: "For the international community to be given proper guarantees that the arms race in outer space has not started, the space Powers should formally declare at this special session devoted to disarmament, that they have not stationed weapons permanently in outer space." (Argentina)

18. The word "permanently" in the above suggestion should be deleted. (Peru)

19. Suggested additional paragraphs:

"The arrival of new technologies would lead to an extension of the arms race into space, with a quantum jump in the level of expenditures and the danger of outbreak of nuclear war and, therefore, catastrophic consequences for international peace and security. The attainment of the universally accepted objective of general and complete disarmament under effective international control requires that outer space should not be transformed into an arena for pursuing the arms race.

Keeping in view the danger of the introduction of weapon systems into outer space, the session calls upon the Conference on Disarmament to urgently commence negotiations to ban the development, deployment and possession of all anti-satellite and other space weapon systems and also for an agreement or agreements, as appropriate, to prevent extension of the arms race into space.

New developments in technological capabilities are likely to create new dimensions and dangers of military exploitation of the trans-atmospheric regions. There is an urgent requirement to focus attention on this region and to monitor the development of military applications of technologies in the trans-atmospheric region.

Pending the conclusion of such a ban, all States should refrain from taking any measures aimed at developing, testing or deploying weapons and weapon systems in outer space, as such measures could, through a constant chain of action and reaction, lead to an escalation of the arms race and make the outbreak of nuclear conflict more likely." (India)
E. Conventional weapons in all aspects

1. This section should be placed after section B entitled "Nuclear weapons in all its aspects." (United Kingdom)

2. The order of the sections should remain as is. (Mexico)

3. The following paragraph should be added in the beginning of the section:
"The Conference noted with concern recent technological developments leading to enhanced lethality, accuracy, range and sophistication of conventional weapons. These would have the effect of blurring the distinction between nuclear and conventional weapons, leading to an erosion of thresholds and hence a greater likelihood of outbreak of nuclear war." (India)

4. The first part of the section has to take into account related operative paragraphs of resolution 40/94 A. (Peru)

5. Paragraphs 1 to 4 should be replaced by the following:

"The Member States recognize the increasing importance of addressing issues related to conventional arms limitation and disarmament. They acknowledge the need to achieve significant reductions in conventional armaments and armed forces in various parts of the world as an important component of the process leading to general and complete disarmament.

The countries with the largest military arsenals, which bear a special responsibility in pursuing the process of conventional armaments reductions, and the States members of the two major military alliances are urged to continue negotiations through various forums on conventional disarmament in earnest, with a view to reaching early agreement on the limitation and gradual and balanced reduction of armed forces and conventional weapons under effective international control in their respective regions, particularly in Europe, which has the largest concentration of arms and forces in the world.

All States, while taking into account the need to protect security and maintain necessary defensive capabilities, are encouraged to intensify their efforts and take, either on their own or in a regional context, appropriate steps to promote progress in conventional disarmament and enhance peace and security." (China)
1. The first sentence should read:
"... conventional arms limitation and disarmament as an integral part of
the overall objective of halting and reversing the arms race in
general." (India, Cuba)

2. The second sentence should read:
"... armed forces with particular attention given to regions where
concentrations have attained the most dangerous levels." (Algeria)

3. The second sentence should be deleted. (India, Cuba)

4. The following sentence should be added after the second sentence:
"These measures should be accompanied by appropriate reductions in
military expenditures." (Romania)

5. The third sentence should read:
"While nuclear disarmament is a priority item, negotiations should ..."
(India, Cuba)

6. Line 7 should read:
"... armaments in a balanced and verifiable manner, ..." (France)

7. Line 8 should read:
"... principle of undiminished and equal security of the Parties ..."
(Poland)

8. Line 9 should read:
"... enhancing stability at the lowest possible military level, ..."
(Spain)

9. The fourth sentence should read:
"Nuclear-weapon States and other militarily important States have a
special responsibility..." (Algeria)

10. The fourth sentence should be deleted. (United Kingdom)
11. The last sentence should read:
"Particular attention should be given to offensive weapons and especially within regions where concentrations..." (Poland)

12. The last sentence should be reformulated as follows:
"Particular efforts should be made by States in regions where concentrations have attained the most dangerous levels and where proportionately high levels of total social and economic resources are devoted to military ends." (Canada)

Paragraph 2

1. The first sentence should read:
"Where the concentration of troops and armaments in Europe has reached an especially high level, it is necessary that agreements or other measures relating to conventional disarmaments should be resolutely pursued on a bilateral, regional and multilateral basis with the aim of strengthening strategic stability ..." (Indonesia)

2. The first sentence should read:
"... the establishment, at the lowest level possible, of a stable, comprehensive and verifiable balance of conventional forces through the corresponding asymmetrical reductions." (Spain)

3. Lines 2 and 3 should read:
"... it is necessary to start, as soon as possible, negotiations on conventional disarmament within the CSCE process, with a view to the establishment, ..." (Yugoslavia)

4. In line 2 delete "strategic". (Algeria, Cuba)

5. The first two sentences should be reformulated as follows:
"Taking into account that the concentration of armed forces and conventional armaments in Europe has reached an especially high level, the special session welcomes the readiness of the respective States parties to the CSCE process to start in 1988 negotiations on the reduction of armed forces and conventional armaments in Europe from the Atlantic to the Urals. These negotiations should be directed at the
mutual elimination of existing asymmetries and disbalances, as well as reducing the threat of a surprise attack which would contribute to the consolidation of strategic stability on the European continent. Military theory and practice should be brought in conformity with defensive strategy and with the principle of sufficiency for defence. This will require, besides reductions in armed forces and armament, an overhaul of force structures and postures, changes in the nature of military activities and in the development of armed forces. These goals would be facilitated by the exchange, as soon as possible, of data, subject to verification on the armed forces and conventional armaments in Europe of the Warsaw Treaty and NATO Member States. All the measures should be based on the exchange of the necessary information and accompanied by an effective international system of control and verification, including on-site inspection." (Hungary)

6. Lines 5, 6 and 7 should read:
"... limitations in Europe and on increasing of confidence and security building measures. Such steps should ensure undiminished and equal security ..." (Poland)

7. The third sentence should read:
"... full respect for the security interests and independence of all States, which have the equal right to participate in such negotiations." (Yugoslavia)

8. The last sentence of the paragraph should be deleted. (Yugoslavia)

9. At the end, a new sentence should be added as follows:
"Commencement in 1988 of negotiations on substantial reduction of armed forces and conventional armaments in Europe with the corresponding reduction of military expenditures. Those negotiations should be directed at reducing the threat of a surprise attack and eliminating - on a reciprocal basis - existing asymmetries and imbalances." (Poland)

10. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
"As soon as these negotiations have begun, a moratorium should be called whereby troops, armaments and military expenditures would be maintained at the 1988 level. A study should be made and specific proposals be worked out on the number of troops and armaments which are needed as a necessary minimum for the defence of the countries." (Romania)
11. The paragraph should be replaced by the following:
"In Europe, the objective of negotiations shall be to strengthen stability and security through the establishment of a stable and secure balance of conventional armed forces, which include conventional armaments and equipment, at lower levels; the elimination of disparities prejudicial to stability and security; and the elimination, as a matter of priority, of the capability for launching surprise attack and for initiating large-scale offensive action. These objectives shall be achieved by the application of militarily significant measures such as reductions, limitations, redeployment provisions, equal ceilings, and related measures, among others. In order to achieve the above objectives, measures should be pursued for the whole area of application with provisions, if and where appropriate, for regional differentiation to redress disparities within the area of application and in a way which precludes circumvention. The process of strengthening stability and security should proceed step-by-step in a manner which will ensure that the security of each participant is not affected adversely at any stage. Compliance with the provisions of any agreement shall be verified through an effective and strict verification régime which, among other things, will include on-site inspections as a matter of right and exchanges of information." (Federal Republic of Germany)

12. The paragraph should be replaced by the following:
"In Europe, where the concentration of conventional forces and armaments has reached an especially high level, it is necessary to continue efforts for security, disarmament and strengthened stability through the establishment of a stable, comprehensive and verifiable balance of conventional forces and armaments at the lowest possible level. Stability should be strengthened, within the framework of the CSCE process, by agreements on limitation and reduction of armaments and on confidence- and security-building measures in the whole of Europe. Measures to that effect should ensure undiminished security for all States concerned, including those outside military alliances." (Finland, France)

13. A new paragraph should be added:
"The development and expansion, at the Conference on Confidence- and Security-Building Measures and Disarmament in Europe, of the confidence-building measures adopted at the first stage of its work, in
parallel with the elaboration of a new generation of confidence- and security-building measures, including restriction of the number and scope of military exercises and the extension of such measures to the activities of naval and air forces, would be of high importance."

(Hungary)

Paragraph 3

1. The third sentence should be reformulated as follows:
"The agreed measures, which express political commitments of the States parties to the Agreement, are of military significance and are provided with adequate forms of verification which correspond to their content." (Poland)

2. The paragraph should be replaced by the following:
"The adoption at the Stockholm Conference on Confidence- and Security-Building Measures and Disarmament in Europe in 1986 of a set of confidence- and security-building measures is an important step in efforts aimed at reducing the risk of military confrontation in Europe. The implementation of these measures will contribute to greater confidence and security in Europe thereby enhancing international peace and security." (Finland, France)

3. The order of paragraphs 2 and 3 should be reversed. (Hungary)

4. The paragraph should be placed under Section G "Confidence-Building Measures". (Algeria)

Paragraph 4

1. The first sentence should read:
"In other regions, where the situation so permits and taking duly into account the characteristics of the region, agreements or other measures relating to conventional disarmament should be resolutely pursued on a bilateral, regional and multilateral basis." (Cuba)
2. Lines 2 and 3 should read:
"... bilateral, regional and multilateral basis to strengthen stability at a lower level of forces..." (Algeria)

3. Line 3 should read:
"... peace and security at the lowest possible level of forces, ..." (Spain)

4. Lines 7 and 8 should read:
"... principles of the territorial integrity or political independence of any State ..." (Ethiopia)

5. After the first sentence, add the following:
"Such mutual balanced arms reduction could serve as an important confidence-building measure." (Israel)

6. The second sentence should read:
"Due to the intrinsic importance of conventional disarmament, bilateral, regional and multilateral consultations and conferences should be held as a matter of priority, where appropriate conditions exist with the active participation of all the countries concerned ..." (Belgium)

7. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
"The United Nations should encourage and promote a regional approach to security, confidence-building and disarmament measures, keeping in view the need for regional balance and equal security at the lowest level of armaments and armed forces." (Pakistan)

8. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
"Strengthening the role of international law and the principles of the United Nations Charter in international relations, and the settlement of disputes by peaceful means in accordance with the purposes and provisions of the Charter will greatly enhance and facilitate measures aimed at reducing the present levels of conventional weapons." (Iraq)
9. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
"The adoption of the document entitled "Procedure for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace in Central America", signed on 7 August 1987, in Guatemala, by the Presidents of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua constitutes a new step towards regional disarmament. The resumption of negotiations on the pending questions under the Act of Contadora relating to security and control and verification will contribute to peace in Central America." (Mexico, Ecuador)

10. A new paragraph should be added as follows:
"In the African region, initiatives towards conventional disarmament to eliminate regional tension and thereby contribute to international peace and security are being undertaken under the auspices of the Organization of African Unity. However, there are unique characteristics and paradoxes in the region which as long as they remain will hinder effective conventional disarmament. Firstly, Africa largely remains one of the least armed regions of the world. Some of the States have no armed forces or are virtually nil in conventional weapons acquisitions. Paradoxically, the region has apartheid South Africa as one of the heavily armed countries in the world which inspite of the global United Nations arms embargo continues to receive illegal arms transfers of highly sophisticated weapons from some major Powers, thereby forcing some African countries, especially the frontline States, to commit meagre resources to defend themselves from apartheid South Africa's aggression, destabilization, and sponsorship of agents of destabilization. Africa therefore calls upon the international community to extend financial and economic assistance to the States in the region so as to enable them withstand South Africa's aggression and destabilization. Secondly, the major Powers should not demonstrate over-eagerness to intervene militarily in African regional crisis. Their enthusiasm should instead be directed towards combating hunger, poverty, disease and ecological disasters in Africa. Thirdly, military manoeuvres by great powers should be restricted to countries undertaking such manoeuvres as suspicion and distrust escalate when they take place beyond the political boundaries of participants. The international community should urge the great Powers to stop arms transfers and illegal arms trafficking to areas of tension or in partisan support of parties in a conflict, or to prop up racist régimes as these hinder efforts towards regional disarmament, create
tension, and prevent the legitimate self-determination of our people under apartheid régime." (Nigeria)

11. A new paragraph should be added as follows:
"The special session calls upon all States, in particular the major arms suppliers and other militarily significant States, to facilitate progress towards regional disarmament by refraining from any action that could impede the achievement of such initiatives, especially as regards induction of sophisticated high technology arms in different regions in furtherance of their global strategic objectives. Limitation and reduction of the military activities and rivalries of the militarily significant States beyond their boundaries would contribute significantly to the realisation of conventional disarmament at the regional level." (India)

12. Reference should be made to the non-militarization of outerspace as a requirement for regional conventional disarmament. (Cuba)

13. The paragraph should include a call to negotiate measures aimed at building confidence and security. (Nepal)

Paragraph 5

1. The paragraph should read as follows:
"Arms transfers in both their overt and covert forms deserve serious consideration because of their effects in areas of tension, and in the worsening of regional conflicts. Special responsibility rests with arms supplier States, which together with recipient States, should co-operate by adhering to certain rules of conduct. These should be designed to enhance the security of States and international peace and security in general.

The Secretary-General is requested to carry out, with the assistance of a group of governmental experts and taking into account geographical and political distribution, a comprehensive study on arms transfers in both their overt and covert forms, conducive to the adoption in the future of concrete international measures aimed at the control of arms transfers." (Peru, Colombia, Ecuador, Nepal)
2. Line 4 should read:
   "... enhancing stability at the lowest possible military level ..."
   (Spain)

3. The last sentence should read as follows:
   "... prohibitions on the illicit trade in arms, especially with States
   subject to an arms embargo declared by the United Nations." (Algeria)

4. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
   "The Secretary-General is asked to carry out, with the assistance of
   governmental experts appointed by him, a study on the problem of illicit
   arms trade, the spread of such a practice and means to prevent it, as
   well as the possible establishment of adequate procedures to monitor,
   within existing structures of the United Nations, international arms
   transfers, based on import and export data supplied by all Member
   States. The Secretary-General shall submit a report thereon to the
   forty-fourth session of the General Assembly." (Italy)

5. At the end of the paragraph, add the following:
   "The Secretary-General is requested to submit to the General Assembly
   proposals for encouraging greater openness on all types of international
   transfer of conventional weapons, including the possibility of
   establishing a system for Member States to report to the United Nations a
   list and the overall value of their imports and exports of arms on a
   universal and non-discriminatory basis." (United Kingdom, Nepal)

6. A new paragraph should be added as follows:
   "The Conference took note of the inherent dangers in the application of
   new and emerging technologies to the development of qualitatively new
   means and methods of warfare. This carries with it the potential hazard
   of the emergence of a qualitatively new arms race. There is, therefore,
   need for taking cognisance of this trend and initiating steps to prevent
   the new arms race." (India)

   At the end of the section, add the following:
   "An international agreement on the prohibition of the production of new
   categories of conventional weapons of especially destructive power should be
   elaborated." (Mongolia)
At the end of the section, add the following:

"The Member States recalled the obligation of all States to refrain from the threat or use of force with the use of conventional weapons." (US)

At the end of the section, add the following:

"The United Nations, in accordance with the Charter, has a central role in promoting disarmament, and should facilitate and encourage all disarmament measures. The subject of conventional disarmament should be pursued energetically, systematically and substantially in the United Nations, as well as in other appropriate fora. It should be kept on the agenda of the regular sessions of the United Nations. The ongoing deliberations in the Disarmament Commission of issues related to conventional disarmament should also be intensified. The bilateral negotiations towards arms control and disarmament must be followed-up by corresponding multilateral efforts.

In addition to the deliberations in the General Assembly and the Disarmament Commission on how to facilitate the process of conventional disarmament, it would be welcome if the Conference on Disarmament could address the item of conventional disarmament, which is already part of its decalogue.

The Third Special Session of the General Assembly devoted to Disarmament offers an opportunity to expand the area of consensus in the field of conventional disarmament." (Denmark)